

Ansell

AnsellGUARDIAN[®] Chemical Report

Ansell

Ansell



Disclaimer

In this report, you will find information related to the barrier performance of certain personal protective equipment (PPE) against the chemicals you selected. This information is intended to enable the Health and Safety professional at your organization make more informed decisions about the Ansell PPE that may offer the greatest protection in the intended circumstances and assist with carrying out a risk assessment for your organization.

We wish to highlight that permeation times do not equate to safe wear time. Safe wear time may vary depending on whether the PPE is donned correctly, the surrounding temperature, the chemicals' toxicity, and other factors. Permeation information offered here is limited to the main protective material. Permeation times may vary around seams, zips, visors or any other joins or components of the PPE. It is the responsibility of your organization's Health and Safety professional to undertake a risk assessment before choosing the appropriate PPE for the task at hand. If you want to discuss any aspect in detail, please contact us.

Estimations of the barrier properties of PPE are based on currently available data and extrapolations from laboratory test results and information regarding the chemicals' composition. Synergistic effects of mixing chemicals have not been accounted for. Estimations are subject to change if new testing is carried out or new information is available providing better grounds for extrapolations. For these reasons, any information in this report is provided for informational purposes only and Ansell fully disclaims any liability including warranties related to any statement contained herein.

Legend for Hand Protection

Permeation Breakthrough Times		
	<10	Not Recommended
	10-30	Splash Protection
	30-60	Splash Protection
	60-120	Medium Protection
	120-240	Medium Protection
	240-480	Good Protection
	>480	Good Protection

Permeation breakthrough time is the time (in minutes) for the chemical in question to be permeating through the material at a rate of 1.0 µg /cm²/min (as per EN ISO 374) or 0.1 µg /cm²/min (as per ASTM F739).

PS = Physical State: A = Aerosol, G = Gas, L = Liquid, P = Paste, S = Solid



Product Group : Non-Latex Sensitive
 Brand : GAMMEX®
 Material : Neoprene
 Thickness (mm) : N.A.

The permeation breakthrough times present in this chart were evaluated according to the EN ISO 374 and ASTM F739 standard. Colored cells with numbers and symbol (C) correspond to experimentally determined data generated by an accredited laboratory.

CAS	Chemical Name	%	PS	EN ISO 374	ASTM F739
51-21-8	5-Fluorouracil (50 mg/ml)	5.0	L		> 240' C
154-93-8	Carmustine (3.3 mg/ml)	0.33	L		35' C
50-18-0	Cyclophosphamide (20 mg/ml)	2.0	L		> 240' C
147-94-4	Cytarabine HCl (100mg/ml)	10.0	L		> 240' C
114977-28-5	Docetaxel (10 mg/ml)	1.0	L		> 240' C
25316-40-9	Doxorubicin hydrochloride (2 mg/ml)	0.2	L		> 240' C
33419-42-0	Etoposide (20 mg/ml)	2.0	L		> 240' C
50-00-0	Formaldehyde	37.0	L	> 480' C	
82410-32-0	Ganciclovir	1.0	L	> 240' C	> 240' C
95058-81-4	Gemcitabine (38mg/ml)	3.8	L		> 240' C
3778-73-2	Ifosfamide (50 mg/ml)	5.0	L		> 240' C
100286-90-6	Irinotecan (20 mg/ml)	2.0	L		> 240' C
67-56-1	Methanol	100.0	L	10' C	
59-05-2	Methotrexate (25mg/ml)	2.5	L		> 240' C
50-07-7	Mitomycin C (0.5 mg/ml)	0.01	L		> 240' C
61825-94-3	Oxaliplatin (2.0 mg/mL)	0.2	L		> 240' C
33069-62-4	Paclitaxel (6.0 mg/mL)	0.6	L		> 240' C
1310-73-2	Sodium Hydroxide	40.0	L	> 480' C	
7664-93-9	Sulfuric acid	96.0	L	138' C	
52-24-4	thiotepa (10mg/ml)	1.0	L		47' C
2068-78-2	Vincristine sulfate (1 mg/ml)	0.1	L		> 240' C



Product Group : Non-Latex Sensitive
Brand : GAMMEX®
Material : Neoprene
Thickness (mm) : N.A.

The permeation breakthrough times present in this chart were evaluated according to the EN ISO 374 and ASTM F739 standard. Colored cells with numbers and symbol (C) correspond to experimentally determined data generated by an accredited laboratory.

CAS	Chemical Name	%	PS	EN ISO 374	ASTM F739
71486-22-1	Vinorelbine	1.0	L	> 240' c	> 240' c